

ABN 91 006 855 689

SOIL TESTING & GEOTECHNICAL CONSULTANTS

ACN 006 855 689

A REPORT ON THE SOIL INVESTIGATION AND PAVEMENT DESIGN FOR

LOT 914 DP756961 PITMAN AVENUE

BURONGA

Report Nº: 3190369-2 Issue 2

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	INTR	RODUCTION:	4
	1.1	Аім	4
	1.2	STATEMENT OF EXPECTED PAVEMENT PERFORMANCE	4
2	SOU	RCE OF INFORMATION:	5
3	INVE	STIGATION:	5
	3.1	FIELD WORK	5
	3.2	Field Work Laboratory Work	5
4	FIND	DINGS:	6
	4.1	FIELD WORK LABORATORY WORK	6
	4.2	LABORATORY WORK	6
5	DES	IGN SUBGRADE VALUE AND SUBGRADE DELINEATION:	6
6	TRA	FFIC LOADINGS:	6
7	DISC	CUSSION:	6
8	REC	OMMENDATIONS:	7
	8.1	FLEXIBLE PAVEMENTS:	7

- APPENDIX A SITE PLAN
- **APPENDIX B LOGS OF BORING**
- **APPENDIX C ENGINEERING DATA**

CLIENT	:	Far West Local Health District PO Box 457 BROKEN HILL NSW 2880
AUTHORISED BY	:	Ms Anya Isarotaikul
PROJECT	:	Lot 914 DP756961 Pitman Avenue BURONGA
COMMISSION	:	Carry out appropriate insitu soil tests and observations at three locations as shown on the attached plan (Appendix A).
		Recommend a pavement composition for the carpark and service roads in accordance with the method outlined in AUSTROADS (2012): 'Guide to Pavement Technology Part 2: Pavement Structural Design' using the indicative traffic loading provided in the above design guide.

1 INTRODUCTION:

1.1 Aim

This report discusses the field investigation carried out on 31 July 2019 and the subsequent laboratory tests for the proposed construction of the carpark and service road.

The report closes with a recommendation for the pavement composition and any other treatment that may be appropriate for the construction process based on the field and laboratory data.

1.2 Statement of Expected Pavement Performance

The pavements recommended in this report have been designed using state of the art technology in pavement design. The essential part of the design is to ensure that each layer within the pavement is compatible - in terms of characteristics and strength - with those of the adjacent layers, so that the overall pavement performance criteria can be met. The pavements recommended in this report may not meet specific standardisation requirements of some local authorities and therefore such standard pavements may not be applicable for the project reported on herein.

It is expected that the subgrade will exhibit a characteristic deflection - that is a rebound deflection of the mean plus 1.5 times the standard deviation - of up to 4mm on completion of preparation as detailed. It is also expected that prior to asphalting the base course will have similar deflections of up to 2mm after preparation.

The pavement has been designed for a theoretical life of 20 years based on the traffic loadings nominated. At the end of its life, a pavement is expected to have deviations (ruts) and surface cracking (crazing).

2 SOURCE OF INFORMATION:

- 2.1 Civiltest Pty Ltd Field and Laboratory data collected and recorded.
- 2.2 AUSTROADS (2012): 'Guide to Pavement Technology Part 2: Pavement Structural Design'

3 INVESTIGATION:

3.1 Field Work

The field work was carried out on 31 July 2019 by mechanically augering test bores at the approximate locations as shown on the attached plan (Appendix A).

California Bearing Ratio (CBR) values were obtained at each bore site using a 9kg Dynamic Cone. Insitu moisture contents were also obtained throughout each bore to assist in the assessment of the CBR values.

Insitu moisture contents were determined on the bulk samples.

All the field data is presented on the logs of boring (Appendix B).

3.2 Laboratory Work

Representative subgrade samples of the predominant subgrade material types were remoulded in a CBR mould using standard compactive effort at approximately the optimum moisture content. The samples were then soaked for four days under a 4.5kg surcharge before being tested to determine the laboratory soaked CBR value.

Classification tests (Plasticity Index and Sieve Analysis) were carried out on the predominant subgrade material types to assess the reactivity and the drainage characteristics for the site.

All the laboratory data is attached (Appendix C).

4 FINDINGS:

4.1 Field Work

The test bores revealed that the existing soil profile consisted of SAND FILL overlying the naturally occurring clayey SAND.

The insitu CBR values - determined using a 9kg dynamic cone - of the subgrade material ranged from 8.0% to 22.2% at insitu moisture contents of 6.1% and 6.0% respectively. There was no correlation between the insitu moisture contents and CBR values in the field at this site.

4.2 Laboratory Work

Test Pit No.	Material Description	Sample No.	CBR %	Density t/m³	Moisture %	Reactivity	PI %	%Pass 0.075mm
1	SAND	193-4094A	12	1.89	11.0	Low	7	28
2	Clayey SAND	193-4094D	20	1.89	12.0	Low	7	30
3	SAND	193-4094G	25	1.81	10.0	Low	Non Plastic	12

The results of the laboratory tests are set out in the table below:

5 DESIGN SUBGRADE VALUE AND SUBGRADE DELINEATION:

After reviewing the soil profiles in the field and the laboratory test results, it was considered that a subgrade design CBR value of 8.0% should be adopted for clayey SAND subgrade materials for the pavements in this project.

6 TRAFFIC LOADINGS:

In the absence of site specific traffic data, the following traffic loading has been obtained from Table 12.2 of AGPT02 AUSTROADS (2012) 'Guide to Pavement Technology Part 2: Pavement Structural Design'. Using the case of 'Local access in industrial area', a maximum design loading of 1.5×10^5 Equivalent Standard Axles (ESA) has been adopted. The receiver of the report should check if the assumption made in regards to the design traffic loading is correct. Civiltest Pty Ltd should be contacted if the design traffic loading differs, so that a review of the recommendations can be made.

7 DISCUSSION:

It has been established that the subgrade design CBR value is 8.0% and the design traffic loading is 1.5×10^5 Equivalent Standard Axles (ESA). Therefore, for a 95% reliability level in pavement performance, the overall pavement depth should be 300mm.

8 **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

8.1 Flexible Pavements:

		Depth 00mm
WEARING COURSE (40mm thick)	AC 10mm	
		40mm
7mm Low Cutter Seal		
BASE	DGB	
(120mm thick)	Compacted to not less than 98% of AS 1289, 5.2.1	
	(Modified Compaction)	
		160mm
SUBBASE	DGS40 Compacted to not	
(140mm thick)	less than 95% of AS 1289,	
	5.2.1 (Modified Compaction)	200.00
	Mate false false l	300mm
SUBGRADE	Material as found	
	Compacted to 95% of	
	AS 1289 5.1.1 (Standard	
	Compaction) at a moisture	
	content between 90% and	
	120% of Optimum Moisture	
	Content for a depth of 150mm	

8. **RECOMMENDATIONS (CONT.)**:

The above recommendations have been made based on (I) the field investigations for the project, (2) the laboratory work detailed within this report, (3) information received from the client and (4) information from the references mentioned in Section 2. SOURCE OF INFORMATION. Therefore if it is found that during construction, conditions differ widely to those described in this report or information received is found to be incorrect, then the recommendations made in this report may need to be amended.

The recommendations given in this report have been based largely on the soil conditions encountered at the time of the field investigation. Under inclement weather or prolonged wet weather conditions, the soil conditions noted and reported in this report could vary. It is advisable to undertake construction during and following good weather conditions - i.e., dry weather conditions - <u>not</u> during or following inclement weather or prolonged wet weather conditions.

It is also assumed that the pavements will be using established sound engineering practices by a contractor experienced in this field of work using purpose built equipment.

Zhan Tang Geotechnical Engineer CIVILTEST PTY LTD

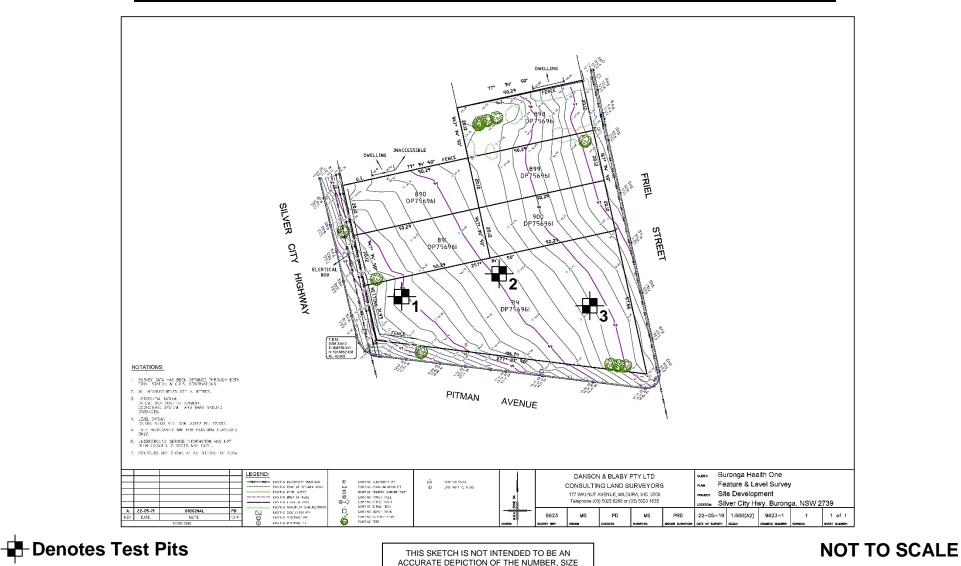
REF: RG/LG/YW/ZT/JY/hj

30 August 2019

AMENDMENT: This report was first issued on 26 August 2019. Sections of this report were amended on 30 August 2019 and consequently this revised report now takes precedence over any previously dated report.

APPENDIX A

SITE PLAN



LOCATION OF TEST SITES: LOT 914 DP756961 PITMAN AVENUE BURONGA

OR LOCATION OF TREES AND/OR SHRUBS

APPENDIX B

LOGS OF BORING

-DOC-001-011-SD	2	ISSUE # 6 - 22 Jan	uary 2015	TEST PIT 1
Field	Depth	Soil	Field C.B.R.	Test Methods
Moisture		Class		Moisture content: AS 1289.2.1.1
Content (%)	(m)			60 DCP CBR: AS 1289.6.3.2, RC 402.0
			0	SAND trace clay FILL
	0.100			I Brown, Moist, Medium dense ↓
	0.100		100	SAND, trace clay
				With limestone
			200	
				Brown
			300	Moist
				Medium dense
			400	-
5.0	0.500		500	-
			600	-
			700	_
			800	
			300	
			900	
5.1	1.000			
			1000	-
			1100	-
			1200	_
		• • •	1300	
		• • •		
			1400	1
	4 500	• • •		
	1.500	┣────┨│	1500	
				END OF BORE (31-07-19)

CIVILTEST P Soil Testing & G		al Consultar	ENGINEERING LOG	Report Number: 3190369-2
SSUE # 6 - 22 Janua		ai consultai	13	TEST PIT 2
Field	Depth	Soil	Field C.B.R.	Test Methods
Moisture	-	Class		Moisture content AS 1289.2.1.1
Content (%)	(m)			60 DCP CBR: AS 1289.6.3.2, RC 402.0
			0	SAND, trace clay FILL
	0.100			Brown, Moist, Medium dense
	0.100		100	
				SAND, clayey
				With limestone
			200	Brown
				Moist
			300	Medium dense
				Imedium dense
		_	400	-
6.1	0.500		500	
	0.000		300	
		• • •		
			600	-
	0.700			
			700	SAND, clayey, trace silt
			800	Pale brown
				Moist
				Medium dense
			900	
6.0	1.000			
0.0	1.000		1000	-
			1100	-
			1200	
		• • •		
			1300	1 1
			1400	
	4 500	• • •		
	1.500		1500	
				END OF BORE (31-07-19)
]
Ref: RG/LG/hj				

oil Testing & C		al Consultar	nts				
SUE # 6 - 22 Janua							TEST PIT 3
Field Moisture	Depth	Soil Class		Field C.B.R	•		Test Methods Moisture content AS 1289.2.1.1
Content (%)	(m)	Class	0	10	20	30	DCP CBR: AS 1289.6.3.2, RC 402.0
(/)	(,		0 -				\wedge
		• • •					SAND, trace clay FILL FILL
	0.100		100				Brown, Moist, Medium dense 🛛 🗸
			100				SAND, trace clay
							Brown
			200	-		_	Moist
							Medium dense
			300				
		•••	000				
		• • •	400			_	
5.6	0.500		500				
					$\langle $		
			600				
		• • •	700 +		┥┤──	_	
		• • •	800				
			900				
2.8	1.000						
			1000			_	
		•••	1100				
			1100		Ň		
		• • •					
			1200				
			1300		\rightarrow		
			1 400				
			1400				
	4 500	• • •					
	1.500		1500 上				
							END OF BORE (31-07-19)
Ref: RG/LG/hj							

APPENDIX C

ENGINEERING DATA

Report Number:	3190369-3
Issue Number:	1
Date Issued:	07/08/2019
Client:	Far West Local Health District
	PO Box 457, BROKEN HILL NSW 2880
Contact:	Anya - Currie & Brown
Project Number:	3190369
Project Name:	Lot 914 Pitman Avenue BURONGA
Project Location:	Lot 914 Pitman Avenue BURONGA
Work Request:	4094
Sample Number:	193-4094A
Date Sampled:	31/07/2019
Dates Tested:	31/07/2019 - 02/08/2019
Sampling Method:	AS1289 1.2.1 6.5.3 - Power auger drilling
Sample Location:	TP1 (100mm-1500mm)

Sieve	Passed %	Passing Limits	I	Retained %	Retai Limits	
26.5 mm	100			0		
19 mm	100			0		
13.2 mm	98			1		
9.5 mm	98			1		
6.7 mm	96			1		
4.75 mm	96			1		
2.36 mm	95			1		
1.18 mm	94			1		
0.6 mm	91			2		
0.425 mm	87			5		
0.3 mm	74			13		
0.15 mm	42			32		
0.075 mm	28			14		
Atterberg Lim	nit (AS1289 3	.1.2 & 3.2	.1 & 3	.3.1)	Min	Max
Sample Histo	ory		C	Oven Dried		
Preparation N	Nethod			Dry Sieve		
Liquid Limit (%)			19		
Plastic Limit (%)				12		
Plasticity Index (%) 7						
Linear Shrink	age (AS1289	3.4.1)			Min	Max
Linear Shrink	age (%)			1.0		
Crooking Cru	mbling Curlin	a		Cracking		



6



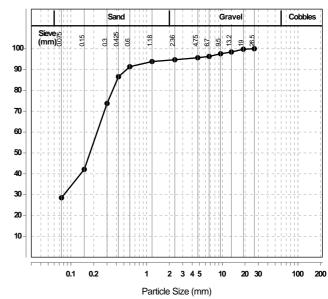
WORLD RECOGNISED

Percent Passing

Approved Signatory: James Taylor Laboratory Manager NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 10784

Email: james@civiltest.com.au

Particle Size Distribution



Report Number:	3190369-3
Issue Number:	1
Date Issued:	07/08/2019
Client:	Far West Local Health District
	PO Box 457, BROKEN HILL NSW 2880
Contact:	Anya - Currie & Brown
Project Number:	3190369
Project Name:	Lot 914 Pitman Avenue BURONGA
Project Location:	Lot 914 Pitman Avenue BURONGA
Work Request:	4094
Sample Number:	193-4094A
Date Sampled:	31/07/2019
Dates Tested:	31/07/2019 - 06/08/2019
Sampling Method:	AS1289 1.2.1 6.5.3 - Power auger drilling
Sample Location:	TP1 (100mm-1500mm)

Dry Density - Moisture Relationship (AS	1289 5.1.1 & 2.1	.1)		
Mould Type		MOULD A		
Compaction	Star	Standard		
No. Layers		3		
No. Blows / Layer	2	5		
Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³)	1.	89		
Optimum Moisture Content (%)	11	1.0		
Retained on 19mm (%)	0	.4		
Oversize Sieve (mm)	1	9		
Oversize Material Wet (%)				
Oversize Material Dry (%)				
Dry Oversize density (t/m ³)				
Method used to Determine Plasticity	Estin	nated		
Curing Hours				
Moisture Content (AS 1289 2.1.1)				
Moisture Content (%)		4.6		
California Bearing Ratio (AS 1289 6.1.1	8 2 1 1)	Min Max		
Deaning Ratio (RO-1203 0.1.1	α Ζ. Ι. Ι)	IVIIII IVIAX		
CBR taken at	5 mm			
CBR taken at	5 mm			
CBR taken at CBR %	5 mm 12	ard		
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort	5 mm 12 Standa	ard 1 & 2.1.1		
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD	5 mm 12 Stand AS 1289 5.1	ard 1 & 2.1.1		
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity	5 mm 12 Standa AS 1289 5.1 Estima	ard 1 & 2.1.1		
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³)	5 mm 12 Standa AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.89	ard 1 & 2.1.1		
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³) Optimum Moisture Content (%)	5 mm 12 Stand: AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.89 11.0	ard 1 & 2.1.1		
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³) Optimum Moisture Content (%) Laboratory Density Ratio (%)	5 mm 12 Stand AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.89 11.0 100.5	ard 1 & 2.1.1		
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³) Optimum Moisture Content (%) Laboratory Density Ratio (%) Laboratory Moisture Ratio (%)	5 mm 12 Stand AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.89 11.0 100.5 98.0	ard 1 & 2.1.1		
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³) Optimum Moisture Content (%) Laboratory Density Ratio (%) Laboratory Moisture Ratio (%) Moisture Content at Placement (%)	5 mm 12 Stand AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.89 11.0 100.5 98.0 11.0	ard 1 & 2.1.1		
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³) Optimum Moisture Content (%) Laboratory Density Ratio (%) Laboratory Moisture Ratio (%) Moisture Content at Placement (%) Moisture Content Top 30mm (%)	5 mm 12 Stand AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.89 11.0 100.5 98.0 11.0 13.4	ard 1 & 2.1.1		
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³) Optimum Moisture Content (%) Laboratory Density Ratio (%) Laboratory Moisture Ratio (%) Moisture Content at Placement (%) Moisture Content Top 30mm (%) Mass Surcharge (kg)	5 mm 12 Stand AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.89 11.0 100.5 98.0 11.0 13.4 4.5	ard 1 & 2.1.1		
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³) Optimum Moisture Content (%) Laboratory Density Ratio (%) Laboratory Moisture Ratio (%) Moisture Content at Placement (%) Moisture Content Top 30mm (%) Mass Surcharge (kg) Soaking Period (days)	5 mm 12 Stand: AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.89 11.0 100.5 98.0 11.0 13.4 4.5 4	ard 1 & 2.1.1		
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³) Optimum Moisture Content (%) Laboratory Density Ratio (%) Laboratory Moisture Ratio (%) Moisture Content at Placement (%) Moisture Content Top 30mm (%) Mass Surcharge (kg) Soaking Period (days) Curing Hours	5 mm 12 Stand: AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.89 11.0 100.5 98.0 11.0 13.4 4.5 4 2	ard 1 & 2.1.1		



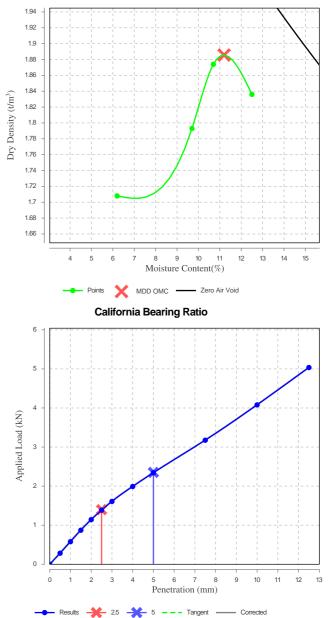
6

Mildura Laboratory Unit 2/48 Tenth Street Mildura Vic 3500 Phone: (03) 5023 2870 Email: james@civiltest.com.au Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing



Approved Signatory: James Taylor Laboratory Manager NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 10784

Moisture Density Relationship



Report Number:	3190369-3
Issue Number:	1
Date Issued:	07/08/2019
Client:	Far West Local Health District
	PO Box 457, BROKEN HILL NSW 2880
Contact:	Anya - Currie & Brown
Project Number:	3190369
Project Name:	Lot 914 Pitman Avenue BURONGA
Project Location:	Lot 914 Pitman Avenue BURONGA
Work Request:	4094
Sample Number:	193-4094D
Date Sampled:	31/07/2019
Dates Tested:	31/07/2019 - 02/08/2019
Sampling Method:	AS1289 1.2.1 6.5.3 - Power auger drilling
Sample Location:	TP2 (300mm-1500mm)

Particle Distribution (AS1289 3.6.1)						
Sieve	Passed %	Passin Limits	g	Retained %	Retair Limits	
26.5 mm	100			0		
19 mm	100			0		
9.5 mm	99			0		
6.7 mm	98			1		
4.75 mm	98			0		
2.36 mm	98			1		
1.18 mm	97			1		
0.6 mm	94			2		
0.425 mm	90			5		
0.3 mm	76			14		
0.15 mm	43			33		
0.075 mm	30			13		
Atterberg Lim	it (AS1289 3.	1.2 & 3.2	2.1 & 3	.3.1)	Min	Max
Sample History		C	Oven Dried			
Preparation Method		Dry Sieve				
Liquid Limit (%)		20				
Plastic Limit (%)		13				
Plasticity Index (%)			7			
Linear Shrink	age (AS1289	3.4.1)			Min	Max
Linear Shrinkage (%)			1.5			
Cracking Crumbling Curling			Cracking			

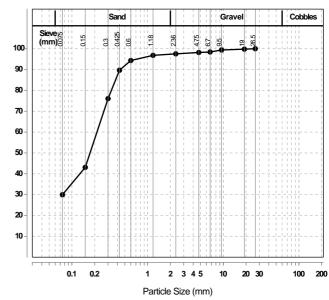




Percent Passing

Approved Signatory: James Taylor Laboratory Manager NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 10784

Particle Size Distribution



Report Number:	3190369-3
Issue Number:	1
Date Issued:	07/08/2019
Client:	Far West Local Health District
	PO Box 457, BROKEN HILL NSW 2880
Contact:	Anya - Currie & Brown
Project Number:	3190369
Project Name:	Lot 914 Pitman Avenue BURONGA
Project Location:	Lot 914 Pitman Avenue BURONGA
Work Request:	4094
Sample Number:	193-4094D
Date Sampled:	31/07/2019
Dates Tested:	31/07/2019 - 06/08/2019
Sampling Method:	AS1289 1.2.1 6.5.3 - Power auger drilling
Sample Location:	TP2 (300mm-1500mm)

Dry Density - Moisture Relationship (AS	\$ 1289 5.1.1 & 2.1	.1)	
Mould Type	1 LITRE	1 LITRE MOULD A	
Compaction	Star	Standard	
No. Layers		3	
No. Blows / Layer	2	25	
Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³)	1.	1.89	
Optimum Moisture Content (%)	12	12.0	
Retained on 19mm (%)	0	0.3	
Oversize Sieve (mm)	1	9	
Oversize Material Wet (%)			
Oversize Material Dry (%)			
Dry Oversize density (t/m ³)			
Method used to Determine Plasticity	Estin	nated	
Curing Hours			
Moisture Content (AS 1289 2.1.1)			
Moisture Content (%)		6.2	
California Bearing Ratio (AS 1289 6.1.1	& 2 1 1)	Min Max	
	a 2.1.1)	IVIIII IVIAX	
CBR taken at	2.5 mm		
,			
CBR taken at	2.5 mm		
CBR taken at CBR %	2.5 mm 20	ard	
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort	2.5 mm 20 Stand	ard .1 & 2.1.1	
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD	2.5 mm 20 Stand AS 1289 5.1	ard .1 & 2.1.1	
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity	2.5 mm 20 Stand AS 1289 5.1 Estima	ard .1 & 2.1.1	
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³)	2.5 mm 20 Stand AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.89	ard .1 & 2.1.1	
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³) Optimum Moisture Content (%)	2.5 mm 20 Stand AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.89 12.0	ard .1 & 2.1.1	
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³) Optimum Moisture Content (%) Laboratory Density Ratio (%)	2.5 mm 20 Stand AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.89 12.0 100.5	ard .1 & 2.1.1	
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³) Optimum Moisture Content (%) Laboratory Density Ratio (%) Laboratory Moisture Ratio (%)	2.5 mm 20 Stand AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.89 12.0 100.5 93.0	ard .1 & 2.1.1	
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³) Optimum Moisture Content (%) Laboratory Density Ratio (%) Laboratory Moisture Ratio (%) Moisture Content at Placement (%)	2.5 mm 20 Stand AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.89 12.0 100.5 93.0 11.0	ard .1 & 2.1.1	
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³) Optimum Moisture Content (%) Laboratory Density Ratio (%) Laboratory Moisture Ratio (%) Moisture Content at Placement (%) Moisture Content Top 30mm (%)	2.5 mm 20 Stand AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.89 12.0 100.5 93.0 11.0 16.9	ard .1 & 2.1.1	
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³) Optimum Moisture Content (%) Laboratory Density Ratio (%) Laboratory Moisture Ratio (%) Moisture Content at Placement (%) Moisture Content Top 30mm (%) Mass Surcharge (kg)	2.5 mm 20 Stand AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.89 12.0 100.5 93.0 11.0 16.9 4.5	ard .1 & 2.1.1	
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³) Optimum Moisture Content (%) Laboratory Density Ratio (%) Laboratory Moisture Ratio (%) Moisture Content at Placement (%) Moisture Content Top 30mm (%) Mass Surcharge (kg) Soaking Period (days)	2.5 mm 20 Stand AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.89 12.0 100.5 93.0 11.0 16.9 4.5 4	ard .1 & 2.1.1	
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³) Optimum Moisture Content (%) Laboratory Density Ratio (%) Laboratory Moisture Ratio (%) Moisture Content at Placement (%) Moisture Content Top 30mm (%) Mass Surcharge (kg) Soaking Period (days) Curing Hours	2.5 mm 20 Stand AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.89 12.0 100.5 93.0 11.0 16.9 4.5 4 2	ard .1 & 2.1.1	

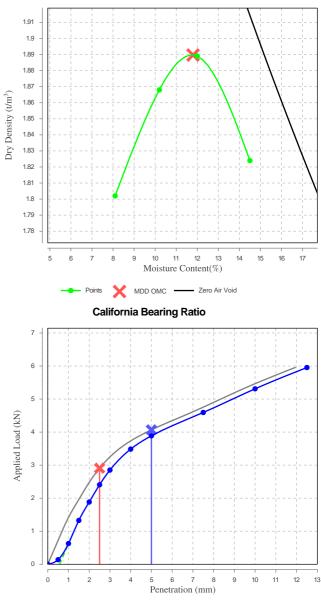




Approved Signatory: James Taylor Laboratory Manager NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 10784

Email: james@civiltest.com.au

Moisture Density Relationship



2.5 - - - Tangent ---- Corrected

Report Number:	3190369-3
Issue Number:	1
Date Issued:	07/08/2019
Client:	Far West Local Health District
	PO Box 457, BROKEN HILL NSW 2880
Contact:	Anya - Currie & Brown
Project Number:	3190369
Project Name:	Lot 914 Pitman Avenue BURONGA
Project Location:	Lot 914 Pitman Avenue BURONGA
Work Request:	4094
Sample Number:	193-4094G
Date Sampled:	31/07/2019
Dates Tested:	31/07/2019 - 05/08/2019
Sampling Method:	AS1289 1.2.1 6.5.3 - Power auger drilling
Sample Location:	TP3 (1000mm-1500mm)

Sieve	Passed %	Passing Limits		Retained %	Retained Limits	
19 mm	100			0		
13.2 mm	100			0		
9.5 mm	100			0		
6.7 mm	100			0		
4.75 mm	100			0		
2.36 mm	100			0		
1.18 mm	100			0		
0.6 mm	99			1		
0.425 mm	94			4		
0.3 mm	82			12		
0.15 mm	30			52		
0.075 mm	12			18		
Atterberg Lin	nit (AS1289 3	.1.2 & 3.2	2.1 & 3	.3.1)	Min	Max
Sample History			Air Dried			
Preparation Method		Dry Sieve				
Liquid Limit (%)		Not Obtainable				
Plastic Limit (%)		Not Obtainable				
Plasticity Index (%)		N	on Plastic			
Linear Shrinl	kage (AS1289	3.4.1)			Min	Max
Linear Shrinkage (%)		0.0				
Cracking Crumbling Curling				None		

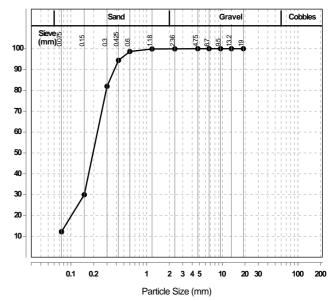
CIVIL ESTING & GEOTECHNICAL CONSULTANTS SOIL TESTING & GEOTECHNICAL CONSULTANTS Civiltest Pty Ltd Mildura Laboratory Unit 2/48 Tenth Street Mildura Vic 3500 Phone: (03) 5023 2870 Email: james@civiltest.com.au Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing



Percent Passing

Approved Signatory: James Taylor Laboratory Manager NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 10784

Particle Size Distribution



Report Number: Issue Number: Date Issued:	3190369-3 1 07/08/2019
Client:	Far West Local Health District
	PO Box 457 , BROKEN HILL NSW 2880
Contact:	Anya - Currie & Brown
Project Number:	3190369
Project Name:	Lot 914 Pitman Avenue BURONGA
Project Location:	Lot 914 Pitman Avenue BURONGA
Work Request:	4094
Sample Number:	193-4094G
Date Sampled:	31/07/2019
Dates Tested:	31/07/2019 - 06/08/2019
Sampling Method:	AS1289 1.2.1 6.5.3 - Power auger drilling
Sample Location:	TP3 (1000mm-1500mm)

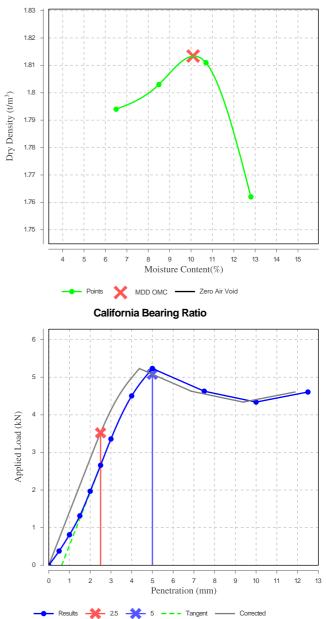
Dry Density - Moisture Relationship (AS	1289 5.1.1 & 2.1	.1)	
Mould Type		1 LITRE MOULD A	
Compaction	Star	Standard	
No. Layers		3	
No. Blows / Layer	2	25	
Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³)	1.	1.81	
Optimum Moisture Content (%)	10	10.0	
Retained on 19mm (%)	0	0.0	
Oversize Sieve (mm)	1	9	
Oversize Material Wet (%)			
Oversize Material Dry (%)			
Dry Oversize density (t/m ³)			
Method used to Determine Plasticity	Estin	nated	
Curing Hours			
Moisture Content (AS 1289 2.1.1)			
Moisture Content (%)		1.8	
California Bearing Ratio (AS 1289 6.1.1	8, 2, 1, 1)	Min Max	
	$\alpha (2, 1, 1)$	Min Max	
CBR taken at	2.5 mm		
CBR taken at	2.5 mm		
CBR taken at CBR %	2.5 mm 25	ard	
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort	2.5 mm 25 Standa	ard 1 & 2.1.1	
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD	2.5 mm 25 Stand AS 1289 5.1	ard 1 & 2.1.1	
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity	2.5 mm 25 Standa AS 1289 5.1 Estima	ard 1 & 2.1.1	
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³)	2.5 mm 25 Stand AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.81	ard 1 & 2.1.1	
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³) Optimum Moisture Content (%)	2.5 mm 25 Stand AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.81 10.0	ard 1 & 2.1.1	
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³) Optimum Moisture Content (%) Laboratory Density Ratio (%)	2.5 mm 25 Stand AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.81 10.0 100.0	ard 1 & 2.1.1	
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³) Optimum Moisture Content (%) Laboratory Density Ratio (%) Laboratory Moisture Ratio (%)	2.5 mm 25 Stand AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.81 10.0 100.0 99.0	ard 1 & 2.1.1	
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³) Optimum Moisture Content (%) Laboratory Density Ratio (%) Laboratory Moisture Ratio (%) Moisture Content at Placement (%)	2.5 mm 25 Stand AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.81 10.0 100.0 99.0 10.0	ard 1 & 2.1.1	
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³) Optimum Moisture Content (%) Laboratory Density Ratio (%) Laboratory Moisture Ratio (%) Moisture Content at Placement (%) Moisture Content Top 30mm (%)	2.5 mm 25 Stand AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.81 10.0 100.0 99.0 10.0 14.4	ard 1 & 2.1.1	
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³) Optimum Moisture Content (%) Laboratory Density Ratio (%) Laboratory Moisture Ratio (%) Moisture Content at Placement (%) Moisture Content Top 30mm (%) Mass Surcharge (kg)	2.5 mm 25 Stand AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.81 10.0 100.0 99.0 10.0 14.4 4.5	ard 1 & 2.1.1	
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³) Optimum Moisture Content (%) Laboratory Density Ratio (%) Laboratory Moisture Ratio (%) Moisture Content at Placement (%) Moisture Content Top 30mm (%) Mass Surcharge (kg) Soaking Period (days)	2.5 mm 25 Stand: AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.81 10.0 100.0 99.0 10.0 14.4 4.5 4	ard 1 & 2.1.1	
CBR taken at CBR % Method of Compactive Effort Method used to Determine MDD Method used to Determine Plasticity Maximum Dry Density (t/m ³) Optimum Moisture Content (%) Laboratory Density Ratio (%) Moisture Content at Placement (%) Moisture Content Top 30mm (%) Mass Surcharge (kg) Soaking Period (days) Curing Hours	2.5 mm 25 Stand: AS 1289 5.1 Estima 1.81 10.0 100.0 99.0 10.0 14.4 4.5 4 2	ard 1 & 2.1.1	





Approved Signatory: James Taylor Laboratory Manager NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 10784

Moisture Density Relationship



Report Number:	3190369-3
Issue Number:	1
Date Issued:	07/08/2019
Client:	Far West Local Health District
	PO Box 457, BROKEN HILL NSW 2880
Contact:	Anya - Currie & Brown
Project Number:	3190369
Project Name:	Lot 914 Pitman Avenue BURONGA
Project Location:	Lot 914 Pitman Avenue BURONGA
Work Request:	4094
Dates Tested:	31/07/2019 - 31/07/2019



SOIL TESTING & GEOTECHNICAL CONSULTANTS Civiltest Pty Ltd Mildura Laboratory Unit 2/48 Tenth Street Mildura Vic 3500 Phone: (03) 5023 2870 Email: james@civiltest.com.au Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 - Testing





Approved Signatory: James Taylor Laboratory Manager NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 10784

C

Moisture Content A	S 1289 2.1.1		
Sample Number	Sample Location	Moisture Content	Material
193-4094B	TP1 (500mm)	5.0 %	**
193-4094C	TP1 (1000mm)	5.1 %	**
193-4094E	TP2 (500mm)	6.1 %	**
193-4094F	TP2 (1000mm)	6.0 %	**
193-4094H	TP3 (500mm)	5.6 %	**
193-40941	TP3 (1000mm)	2.8 %	**